[Company No. 201001042446 (926374-U)] (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

[Company No. 201001042446 (926374-U)] (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 1. Overview

The Pillar 3 Disclosure for financial reporting beginning 1 January 2010 was introduced under the Bank Negara Malaysia's Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF"), which is the equivalent to Basel II issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. Basel II consists of 3 Pillars as follows:

- (a) Pillar 1 outlines the minimum amount of regulatory capital that banking institutions must hold against credit, market and operational risks assumed.
- (b) Pillar 2 focuses on strengthening the supervisory review process in developing more rigorous risk management framework and techniques. The purpose is for banking institutions to implement an effective and rigorous internal capital adequacy assessment process that commensurate with the risk profile and business plans of the Bank.
- (c) Pillar 3 sets out the minimum disclosure requirements of information on the risk management practices and capital adequacy of banking institution, aimed to enhance comparability amongst banking institutions.

The approaches adopted by Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Malaysia Berhad ("the Bank"), are shown in the table below:

Risk type	Approach adopted	Capital requirement assessment
Credit	Standardised Approach	Standard risk weights
Market	Standardised Approach	Standard risk weights
Operational	Basic Indicator Approach	Fixed percentage over average gross income for a fixed number of years

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#### 2. Capital Management

The objective of the Bank's capital management policy is to maintain an adequate level of capital to support business growth strategies under an acceptable risk framework, and to meet its regulatory minimum capital requirements. The Bank's capital management process includes analysis of the risk appetite and the capital requirement for the business growth and periodical monitoring of capital adequacy ratios.

#### 3. Capital Management Framework

The Bank has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk
- Operational risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Bank's risk management framework. The Board has established a Board Risk Management Committee ("BRMC"), which is responsible for developing the risk management policies and assessing the implementation of risk management by the management of the Bank. The Bank has also established a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") as one of the management committees to formulate the policies, procedures and risk limits and conduct periodical monitoring on risk exposure, risk portfolio and risk management activities.

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#### 3.1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Bank if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Bank's exposure to credit risk arises principally from loans and advances to customers, placements with other banks and investment in debt securities.

The Bank has established Credit Committee as one of the management committees with the following objectives:

- (i) to discuss, formulate, review and implement the credit policies, procedures and manuals; and
- (ii) to review, analyse and approve credit proposals by ensuring effective credit limit control and monitoring.

The Bank has credit policies in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are required to be performed on customers requiring credit.

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from loans, advances and receivables are represented by the carrying amounts of cash and short-term funds, deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, debt instruments measured at FVOCI and loans, advances and financing and other receivables as shown in the statement of financial position.

The Bank has taken reasonable steps to ensure that loans, advances, investments and receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are stated at their realisable values. A significant portion of these loans, advances, investments and receivables are regular customers or counterparties that have been transacting with the Bank.

The RMC conducts periodical monitoring on credit exposure trend, asset quality by obligor grading / impaired loans, portfolio concentration analysis and credit related limits control such as single counterparty exposure limit, large loan limit, exposure to connected parties, exposure to broad property sector and exposure for margin financing.

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### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### **Distribution of credit exposures**

(a) The following table presents the gross credit exposures of financial assets of the Bank analysed by economic sector:

Deposits and

		placements with banks		Loans,					Total on-	Total off-	
	Cash and short-term funds*	and other financial institutions*	Financial investments FVOCI	advances and financing*	Statutory deposits with BNM	Derivative financial assets	Plant and equipment	Other assets*	balance sheet exposures	balance sheet exposures	Total exposures
31 March 2020	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	50,006	-	-	-	-	50,006	745,492	795,498
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	213,421	-	-	-	-	213,421	180,000	393,421
Manufacturing	-	-	-	3,111,093	-	61,840	-	-	3,172,933	5,587,970	8,760,903
Electricity	-	-	-	2,189,634	-	952	-	-	2,190,586	318,635	2,509,221
Construction	-	-	-	194,176	-	64	-	-	194,240	900,580	1,094,820
Wholesale and retail trade and restaurants	Э,										
and hotel	-	-	-	1,656,354	-	12,053	-	-	1,668,407	2,061,695	3,730,102
Finance, insurance and											
business services Transport, storage and	4,246,465	870,000	596,080	5,278,551	51,463	528,362	12,961	66,992	11,650,874	23,209,292	34,860,166
communication	-	-	-	388,362	-	79	-	-	388,441	43,313	431,754
Real estate	-	-	-	1,406,126	-	17,458	-	-	1,423,584	535,458	1,959,042
Education, health and											
other services	-	-	-	682,202	-	-	-	-	682,202	77,102	759,304
Other sectors	-	-	-	223,909	-	-	-	-	223,909	41,988	265,897
	4,246,465	870,000	596,080	15,393,834	51,463	620,808	12,961	66,992	21,858,603	33,701,525	55,560,128
Allowance for ECL	(7,069)	(514)	-	(82,721)	-	-	-	(114)	(90,418)	-	(90,418)
Other assets not subject to	0										
credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,440	53,440	-	53,440
* Evaluda allawanaa fa	4,239,396	869,486	596,080	15,311,113	51,463	620,808	12,961	120,318	21,821,625	33,701,525	55,523,150

<sup>\*</sup> Exclude allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL")

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Distribution of credit exposures (continued)

		Deposits and placements							<b>T</b> .4.1	T. (.) . ((	
	Cash and short-term	with banks and other financial	Financial investments	Loans, advances and	Statutory deposits	Derivative financial	Plant and	Other	Total on- balance sheet	Total off- balance sheet	Total
31 March 2019	funds* RM'000	institutions* RM'000	FVOCI RM'000	financing* RM'000	with BNM RM'000	assets RM'000	equipment RM'000	assets* RM'000	exposures RM'000	exposures RM'000	exposures RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	50,020	-	107	-	-	50,127	709,175	759,302
Mining and quarrying	_	_	-	40,830	_	-	_	_	40,830	-	40,830
Manufacturing	_	_	_	3,346,613	_	7,531	_	_	3,354,144	4,969,463	8,323,607
Electricity	_	_	_	1,023,659	_		_	_	1,023,659	326,507	1,350,166
Construction	_	_	_	113,260	_	3,032	_	_	116,292	863,489	979,781
Wholesale and retail trad and restaurants	e,			,		5,552				000,100	
and hotel	-	-	-	1,319,422	-	5,142	-	-	1,324,564	2,185,785	3,510,349
Finance, insurance and											
business services	4,378,459	763,179	733,457	4,751,573	50,680	339,227	15,822	72,497	11,104,894	19,719,019	30,823,913
Transport, storage and											
communication	-	-	-	520,787	-	12	-	-	520,799	33,102	553,901
Real estate	-	-	-	1,042,595	-	-	-	-	1,042,595	397,729	1,440,324
Education, health and											
other services	-	-	-	390,582	-	-	-	-	390,582	600,735	991,317
Other sectors		-	-	454,315	-	-	-	-	454,315	537,230	991,545
	4,378,459	763,179	733,457	13,053,656	50,680	355,051	15,822	72,497	19,422,801	30,342,234	49,765,035
Allowance for ECL	(701)	(555)	-	(33,262)	-	-	-	(18)	(34,536)	-	(34,536)
Other assets not subject	to										
credit risk		-	-	-	-	-	-	37,919	37,919	-	37,919
	4,377,758	762,624	733,457	13,020,394	50,680	355,051	15,822	110,398	19,426,184	30,342,234	49,768,418

<sup>\*</sup> Exclude allowance for ECL

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Distribution of credit exposures (continued)

(b) The following table presents the gross credit exposures of financial assets of the Bank analysed by geographical location based on where the credit risk resides:

31 March 2020	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions*	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total off- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total exposures RM'000
Malaysia	4,128,621	870,000	596,080	12,374,229	51,463	581,639	12,961	66,992	18,681,985	29,337,515	48,019,500
Other countries	117,844	-	-	3,019,605	-	39,169	-	-	3,176,618	4,364,010	7,540,628
	4,246,465	870,000	596,080	15,393,834	51,463	620,808	12,961	66,992	21,858,603	33,701,525	55,560,128
31 March 2019											
Malaysia	4,247,439	763,179	733,457	11,089,512	50,680	343,137	15,822	72,497	17,315,723	26,363,318	43,679,041
Other countries	131,020	-	-	1,964,144	-	11,914	-	-	2,107,078	3,978,916	6,085,994
	4,378,459	763,179	733,457	13,053,656	50,680	355,051	15,822	72,497	19,422,801	30,342,234	49,765,035

<sup>\*</sup> Exclude allowance for ECL

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### **Distribution of credit exposures (continued)**

(c) The following table presents the residual contractual maturity breakdown by major types of gross credit exposures for on-balance sheet exposures of financial assets. Approximately 55.32% of the Bank's exposures to customers are short-term, having contractual maturity of one year or less:

		Deposits and							
		placements							
		with banks		Loans,	_				Total on-
	Cash and	and other	Financial	advances	Statutory	Derivative			balance
	short-term		investments	and	deposits	financial	Plant and	Other	sheet
		institutions*	FVOCI	financing*	with BNM	assets	equipment	assets*	exposures
24 March 2020	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31 March 2020									
Up to 1 month	4,246,465	-	-	2,728,462	51,463	32,892	-	62,991	7,122,273
> 1-3 months	-	800,000	-	1,745,517	-	59,519	-	-	2,605,036
> 3-12 months	-	70,000	596,080	1,534,688	-	160,870	-	4,001	2,365,639
> 1-5 years	-	-	-	8,148,658	-	201,329	12,961	-	8,362,948
> 5 years	_	-	-	1,236,509	-	166,198	-	-	1,402,707
	4,246,465	870,000	596,080	15,393,834	51,463	620,808	12,961	66,992	21,858,603

Exclude allowance for ECL

The residual contractual maturity for off-balance sheet exposures is not presented as the total off-balance sheet exposures do not represent future receivables since the Bank expects many of these commitments (such as undrawn credit facilities) to expire or unconditionally cancelled by the Bank without them being called or drawn upon.

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#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

**Distribution of credit exposures (continued)** 

	Cash and short-term	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions*		Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000
31 March 2019									
Up to 1 month	4,378,459	-	-	2,272,223	50,680	9,242	-	68,630	6,779,234
> 1-3 months	-	544,821	-	1,472,004	-	36,993	-	-	2,053,818
> 3-12 months	-	218,358	733,457	805,795	-	41,658	-	3,867	1,803,135
> 1-5 years	-	-	-	7,933,385	-	172,169	15,822	-	8,121,376
> 5 years		-	-	570,249	-	94,989	-	-	665,238
	4,378,459	763,179	733,457	13,053,656	50,680	355,051	15,822	72,497	19,422,801

<sup>\*</sup> Exclude allowance for ECL

The residual contractual maturity for off-balance sheet exposures is not presented as the total off-balance sheet exposures do not represent future receivables since the Bank expects many of these commitments (such as undrawn credit facilities) to expire or unconditionally cancelled by the Bank without them being called or drawn upon.

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing

The Bank's ECL model takes account of the on and off-balance sheet credit exposures to sovereign, financial institutions and corporates. The credit exposures are categorised into three stages, defined as follows:

Stage 1: Ordinary / Performing Credit Exposure (12-month ECL)

Stage 2: Exposure with Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Lifetime ECL)

Stage 3: Impaired Credit Exposure (Lifetime ECL)

The general and impairment provision of the credit exposures are equivalent to 12-month ECL or Lifetime ECL, depending on the stage of credit exposures applicable to each financial asset.

All gross loans, advances and financing are neither past due nor impaired as at the following reporting dates:

	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At amortised cost:		
Overdraft	57,704	83,658
Term loans / financing		
- Syndicated loans / Syndicated Islamic financing	2,497,022	1,260,521
<ul> <li>Factoring receivables</li> </ul>	112,804	116,294
<ul> <li>Other term loans / Islamic term financing</li> </ul>	7,958,484	7,629,862
Trade bills discounted	396,635	102,236
Revolving credits / Revolving credit-i	4,220,856	3,861,085
Other loan	150,329	-
Gross loans, advances and financing	15,393,834	13,053,656
Less: Allowance for ECL		
- 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	(42,425)	(14,026)
<ul> <li>Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2)</li> </ul>	(40,296)	(19,236)
<ul> <li>Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3)</li> </ul>		-
Net loans, advances and financing	15,311,113	13,020,394

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## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

## Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing (continued)

(a) The following table presents the ECL allowance for impairment on loans, advances and financing of the Bank analysed by economic sector:

	Agriculture RM'000	Mining and quarrying RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000	-		Wholesale and retail trade, and restaurants and hotel RM'000	Finance, insurance and business services RM'000		Real estate RM'000		Other sectors RM'000	Total RM'000
31 March 2020												
Loans, advances and financing	1,178	2,084	27,545	_	625	8,786	14,074	3,763	5,965	6,052	12,649	82,721
and illianting	1,178	2,084	27,545	-	625	8,786	14,074	3,763	5,965	6,052	12,649	82,721
	Agriculture RM'000	Mining RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000	-		Wholesale and retail trade, and restaurants and hotel RM'000	Finance, insurance and business services RM'000	Transport, storage and communication RM'000	Real estate RM'000	services	Other sectors RM'000	Total RM'000
31 March 2019												
Loans, advances												
and financing	210	318	11,957	-	159	2,194	2,625	545	877	1,599	12,778	33,262
	210	318	11,957	-	159	2,194	2,625	545	877	1,599	12,778	33,262

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#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

## Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing (continued)

(b) The following table presents the ECL allowance for impairment on loans, advances and financing of the Bank analysed by geographical location based on where the credit risk resides:

		Other	
	Malaysia RM'000	countries RM'000	Total RM'000
31 March 2020	KIVI 000	KIVI UUU	KIVI UUU
Loans, advances and financing	61,895	20,826	82,721
		Other	
	Malaysia	countries	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31 March 2019			
Loans, advances and financing	19,578	13,684	33,262

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## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

## Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing (continued)

(c) Movements in impairment allowances on loans, advances and financing which reflects ECL model on impairment as follows:

	12-month ECL (Stage 1) RM'000	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000	Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 April 2019	14,026	19,236	-	33,262
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit	17,206	(17,206)	-	-
impaired (Stage 2)	(12,570)	12,570	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3)	(7)	-	7	-
Loans, advances and financing derecognised	(7,093)	(5,397)	(3,565)	(16,055)
New loans, advances and financing originated or purchased	18,140	4,040	-	22,180
Changes due to change in credit risk_	12,723	27,053	3,558	43,334
At 31 March 2020	42,425	40,296	-	82,721
At 1 April 2018	9,412	25,150	-	34,562
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit	8,875	(8,875)	-	-
impaired (Stage 2)	(1,996)	1,996	-	-
Loans, advances and financing derecognised	(2,148)	(2,823)	-	(4,971)
New loans, advances and financing originated or purchased	4,094	5,818	-	9,912
Changes due to change in credit risk_	(4,211)	(2,030)	-	(6,241)
At 31 March 2019	14,026	19,236	-	33,262

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach

The Bank refers to the credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies in its calculation of credit risk-weighted assets. The following are the External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAI") ratings used by the Bank and are recognised by BNM in the RWCAF:

- (a) Standard & Poor's Rating Services ("S & P")
- (b) Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's")
- (c) Fitch Ratings ("Fitch")
- (d) RAM Rating Services Berhad ("RAM")
- (e) Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad ("MARC")
- (f) Rating and Investment Information, Inc. ("R&I")

The ECAI ratings accorded to the following counterparty exposure classes are used in the calculation of risk-weighted assets for capital adequacy purposes:

- (a) Sovereigns and Central Bank
- (b) Banking Institutions
- (c) Corporates

#### Rated and Unrated Counterparties

In general, the issue rating i.e. the rating specific to the credit exposure is used. When there is no specific rating available, the credit rating assigned to the issuer or counterparty of the particular credit exposure is used. In cases where an exposure has neither an issue or issuer rating, it is deemed as unrated.

Where a counterparty or an exposure is rated by more than one ECAI, all available external ratings of the counterparty will be captured and the following rules will be observed:

- Where 2 recognised external ratings are available, the lower rating is to be applied; or
- Where 3 or more recognised external ratings are available, the lower of the highest 2 ratings will be used for the capital adequacy calculation purposes.

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## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

## **Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)**

A. The following is a summary of the rules governing the assignment of risk weights and rating categories under the Standardised Approach:

## **Sovereigns and Central Banks**

Rating category	S & P	Moody's	Fitch	Risk Weight
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	0%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	20%
3	BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-	50%
4	BB+ to B-	Ba1 to B3	BB+ to B-	100%
5	CCC+ to D	Caa1 to C	CCC+ to D	150%
Unrated				100%

### **Banking Institutions**

Pating outogory	.c o D	Moody's	Fitch	RAM	MARC	R&I	Risk Weight	Risk weight (original maturity of <=6 months)	Risk weight (original maturity of <=3 months)
Rating category	3 & F	Woody S	FILCH	KAW	WARC	RαI	KISK Weight	<=0 monus)	<=3 illolluls)
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA-	20%	20%	
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	50%	20%	
3	BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB1 to BBB3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB+ to BBB-	50%	20%	20%
4	BB+ to B-	Ba1 to B3	BB+ to B-	BB1 to B3	BB+ to B-	BB+ to B-	100%	50%	20 /0
5	CCC+ to D	Caa1 to C	CCC+ to D	C1 to D	C+ to D	CCC+ to C	150%	150%	
Unrated							50%	20%	

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## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

## **Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)**

A. The following is a summary of the rules governing the assignment of risk weights and rating categories under the Standardised Approach (continued):

## Corporate

Rating category	S & P	Moody's	Fitch	RAM	MARC	R&I	Risk Weight
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA-	20%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	50%
3	BBB+ to BB-	Baa1 to Ba3	BBB+ to BB-	BBB1 to BB3	BBB+ to BB-	BBB+ to BB-	100%
4	B+ to D	B1 to C	B+ to D	B1 to D	B+ to D	B+ to D	150%
Unrated							100%

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#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)

B. The following table presents the breakdown of credit exposures by risk weights of the Bank:

						Total	
			Banks,			Exposure	
			Development			after	
			Financial			Netting and	Total
	Sovereigns/	<b>Public Sector</b>	Institutions and			Credit Risk	Risk-Weighted
31 March 2020	Central Banks	Entities	MDBs	Corporates	Other Assets	Mitigation	Assets
Risk Weights	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
0%	2,555,940	-	-	6,989,382	453	9,545,775	-
20%	-	-	3,256,859	780,394	-	4,037,253	807,450
50%	-	-	1,118,846	64,617	-	1,183,463	591,732
100%	-	1,835	-	11,983,285	643,650	12,628,770	12,628,770
Total	2,555,940	1,835	4,375,705	19,817,678	644,103	27,395,261	14,027,952
Risk-weighted assets by exposure	-	1,835	1,210,795	12,171,672	643,650	14,027,952	
Average risk weight	0.0%	100.0%	27.7%	61.4%	99.9%	51.2%	
Deduction from capital base	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			·				

[Company No. 201001042446 (926374-U)] (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)

B. The following table presents the breakdown of credit exposures by risk weights of the Bank (continued):

						Total	
			Banks,			Exposure	
			Development			after	
			Financial			Netting and	Total
	Sovereigns/	<b>Public Sector</b>	Institutions and			Credit Risk	Risk-Weighted
31 March 2019	Central Banks	Entities	MDBs	Corporates	Other Assets	Mitigation	Assets
Risk Weights	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
0%	3,334,923	-	-	5,594,478	290	8,929,691	-
20%	-	-	2,733,383	664,607	-	3,397,990	679,598
50%	-	-	1,170,189	19,991	-	1,190,180	595,090
100%	=	-	-	10,700,112	373,628	11,073,740	11,073,740
Total	3,334,923	-	3,903,572	16,979,188	373,918	24,591,601	12,348,428
Risk-weighted assets by exposure	=	-	1,131,771	10,843,029	373,628	12,348,428	
Average risk weight	0.0%	0.0%	29.0%	63.9%	99.9%	50.2%	
Deduction from capital base	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### **Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)**

C. The following table presents the on and off balance sheet credit exposures, categorised according to the credit quality rating:

		Rating Categories							
	1 ^	2	3	4	5	Unrated *			
31 March 2020	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000			
Sovereign and Central Bank	2,555,940	-	-	-	-	-			
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-	-	1,835			
Banks, Development Financial									
Institutions and MDBs	-	3,256,859	1,118,846	-	-	-			
Corporates	7,769,776	64,617	-	•	-	11,983,285			
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	644,103			

		Rating Categories							
	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated #			
31 March 2019	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000			
Sovereign and Central Bank	3,334,923	-	-	-	-	-			
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Banks, Development Financial									
Institutions and MDBs	-	2,733,383	1,170,189	-	-	-			
Corporates	6,259,085	19,991	-	-	-	10,700,112			
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	373,918			

<sup>^</sup> Total cash collateral of RM6,989,382 thousand was rated at 0% risk under corporates.

<sup>\*</sup> Total cash of other assets at RM453 thousand was rated at 0% risk. The remaining balance was classified under 100% risk.

<sup>#</sup> Total cash of other assets at RM290 thousand was rated at 0% risk. The remaining balance was classified under 100% risk.

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

## General Disclosure for Off-Balance Sheet Exposure and Counterparty Credit Risk

The following table presents the Bank's off-balance sheet exposure and counterparty credit risk:

		Positive fair	Negative fair		
		value of	value of	Credit	Risk
	Principal	derivative	derivative	equivalent	weighted
31 March 2020	amount	contracts	contracts	amount	assets
Description	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Transaction related contingent					
item	395,088			194,859	184,770
Short-term self-liquidating					
trade related contingencies	148,710			29,008	29,008
Foreign exchange related contracts:					
- Less than one year	14,023,563	252,462	210,837	512,164	273,498
- One year to less than five years	8,117,375	175,903	180,219	871,802	569,035
- Five years and above	2,132,258	166,198	126,142	510,364	351,887
Interest/Profit rate related contracts					
- Less than one year	333,715	820	838	1,154	1,048
- One year to less than five years	1,527,572	25,426	42,233	57,704	45,501
- Five years and above	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of over					
one year	6,523,113			3,259,577	3,225,117
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of up to					
one year	500,131			100,026	67,718
Total	33,701,525	620,809	560,269	5,536,658	4,747,582

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### General Disclosure for Off-Balance Sheet Exposure and Counterparty Credit Risk (continued)

The following table presents the Bank's off-balance sheet exposure and counterparty credit risk (continued):

		Positive fair	Negative fair		
		value of	value of	Credit	Risk
	Principal	derivative	derivative	equivalent	weighted
31 March 2019	amount	contracts	contracts	amount	assets
Description	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Transaction related contingent					
item	604,552			301,201	291,341
Short-term self-liquidating					
trade related contingencies	269,421			53,543	53,543
Foreign exchange related contracts:					
- Less than one year	11,071,830	85,937	56,274	316,413	139,511
- One year to less than five years	9,039,740	166,062	168,874	981,581	610,310
- Five years and above	920,972	94,989	76,427	258,767	136,257
Interest/Profit rate related contracts					
- Less than one year	63,500	1,566	-	1,646	810
- One year to less than five years	1,627,718	6,491	7,522	46,022	29,102
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of over					
one year	6,251,089			3,110,944	2,972,118
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of up to					
one year	493,412			98,683	98,683
Total	30,342,234	355,045	309,097	5,168,800	4,331,675

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### **Credit Risk Mitigation**

The following tables disclose the total exposure before the effect of Credit Risk Mitigation ("CRM") and the exposures covered by guarantees, credit derivatives and eligible financial collateral:

31 March 2020		Exposures	Exposures	Exposures	Exposures
Group and Bank		covered by	covered by	covered by	covered by
	Exposures	Guarantees/	Guarantees/	Eligible	Other
	before	Credit		Financial	Eligible
	CRM	Derivatives	Derivatives	Collateral	Collateral
Exposure Class	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Credit Risk					
On-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Sovereigns / Central Banks	2,555,940	-	-	-	-
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-	-
Banks, Development Financial					
Institutions & MDBs	3,264,725	-	-	-	-
Insurance Cos, Securities Firms &					
Fund Managers	-	-	-	-	-
Corporates	15,393,835	-	-	6,989,382	-
Regulatory Retail	-	-	-	-	-
Residential Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
Higher Risk Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	644,103	-	-	-	-
Specialised Financing / Investment	-	1	-	-	-
Equity Exposure	-	-	-	-	-
Securitisation Exposure	-	1	-	-	-
Defaulted Exposure	-	-	-	-	-
Total On-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	21,858,603	-	-	6,989,382	-
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures					
OTC Derivatives	1,953,188	-	-	-	-
Credit Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
Off-Balance sheet exposures other					
than OTC derivatives or credit					
derivatives	3,583,470	-	-	-	-
Defaulted exposures	-	-	-	-	-
Total Off-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	5,536,658	-	-	-	-
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	27,395,261	-	-	6,989,382	-

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

## 3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

#### **Credit Risk Mitigation (continued)**

The following tables disclose the total exposure before the effect of Credit Risk Mitigation ("CRM") and the exposures covered by guarantees, credit derivatives and eligible financial collateral (continued):

31 March 2019		Exposures	Exposures	Exposures	Exposures
Group and Bank		covered by	covered by	covered by	covered by
	Exposures	Guarantees/	Guarantees/	Eligible	Other
	before	Credit	Credit	Financial	Eligible
	CRM	Derivatives	Derivatives	Collateral	Collateral
Exposure Class	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Credit Risk	•				
On-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Sovereigns / Central Banks	3,334,923	-	-	-	-
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-	-
Banks, Development Financial					
Institutions & MDBs	2,926,368	-	-	-	-
Insurance Cos, Securities Firms &					
Fund Managers	-	-	-	-	-
Corporates	12,787,592	-	-	5,594,478	-
Regulatory Retail	-	-	-	-	-
Residential Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
Higher Risk Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	373,918	-	-	-	-
Specialised Financing / Investment	-	•	-	-	-
Equity Exposure	-	•	-	-	-
Securitisation Exposure	-	•	-	-	-
Defaulted Exposure	-	•	-	-	-
Total On-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	19,422,801	-	-	5,594,478	-
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures					
OTC Derivatives	1,604,429	-	-	-	-
Credit Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
Off-Balance sheet exposures other					
than OTC derivatives or credit					
derivatives	3,564,371	-	-	-	-
Defaulted exposures	-	-	-	-	-
Total Off-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	5,168,800	-	-	-	-
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	24,591,601	-	-	5,594,478	-

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.2. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk when the Bank fails to raise funds to meet the present or future demand of customers or counterparties at a reasonable cost. The potential liquidity risks of the Bank mainly include customers' premature and collective withdrawal, overdue payment of the debtors, mismatched asset-liability maturity structure and difficulties in realisation of assets.

The primary tool used for monitoring liquidity is the Bank Negara Malaysia's Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR"). The LCR measured the adequacy of high quality liquid assets to withstand acute liquidity stress scenario over 30-day horizon. It is further supplemented with the internal liquidity risk management policies set by the Board of Directors and incorporated in the Market / Liquidity Risk Management policies and procedures. These policies ensure that the liquidity surpluses are within the limit. The Assets and Liabilities Management Committee ("ALCO") is responsible for the liquidity risk management. The liquidity risk management activities are carried out through active management of maturity profiles of assets and liabilities, diversification of the funding base and proactive management of the Bank's customer deposits.

#### 3.3. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other prices that will affect the Bank's financial position or cash flows due to the revaluation of financial instruments categorised as trading items. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within the predetermined limits which are in line with the risk appetite of the Bank.

The BRMC approves the Bank's market risk appetite taking account of market volatility, the range of traded products and assets classes, the business volumes and transaction sizes. Market risk appetite has remained broadly stable since 2011 and to date.

The BRMC is responsible for the limit setting at a business level. The BRMC is also responsible for policies and other standards for the control of market risk and overseeing their effective implementation. These policies cover both trading and non-trading books of the Bank.

All permanent limits are approved by the Board / BRMC prior to implementation. Exceptions are escalated to the Board / BRMC.

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.3. Market Risk (continued)

#### Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk in market risk management refers to the changes in the present values of fixed income securities in the trading book and derivative instrument such as interest rate swap, currency swap and forward exchange rate contracts, as a result of changes in the levels of market interest rates. Bank's ALCO regularly reviews the interest rate outlook, assessed the vulnerability of present values of the trading book items and develops strategies to mitigate interest rate risk.

#### Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign exchange risk arises from exchange rate movements, which affects the profit of the Bank from its foreign exchange open positions taken from time to time. This risk is principally managed by setting predetermined limits on open foreign exchange positions against these limits and the setting and monitoring of cut-loss mechanisms. To mitigate this risk the Bank's foreign exchange positions with customers are normally hedged with counter deals in the market and the Bank does not keep any large open currency positions. The Bank enters into foreign exchange related derivatives, namely spot and forward contracts, as part of its strategies to manage foreign exchange risk.

			Risk-	Minimum
	Long position RM'000	Short position RM'000	weighted assets RM'000	capital requirements at 8% RM'000
31 March 2020				
Interest rate risk	24,361,125	24,251,263	357,832	28,627
Foreign exchange risk	12,405	-	12,405	992
	24,373,530	24,251,263	370,237	29,619
31 March 2019				
Interest rate risk	20,259,492	20,205,436	314,734	25,179
Foreign exchange risk	21,326	(39)	21,326	1,706
	20,280,818	20,205,397	336,060	26,885

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.3.1 Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book

Interest rate risk is defined as the potential impact on the Bank's earnings (i.e. the net interest income) and the net assets value resulting from a change in interest rates.

Interest rate risk in banking book is managed through the Bank's ALCO, which meets on a monthly basis. The committee is responsible to study the sensitivity of the net interest income against the change in interest rates and subsequently, to determine the Bank's policy on balance sheet management. The committee also monitors the impact of the change in interest rates on the net assets value.

The primary tool used for monitoring the interest rate risk impact on the earnings is the re-pricing gap analysis. In this analysis, the re-price dates of rate sensitive assets are compared against the re-price dates of rate sensitive liabilities. A positive gap position indicates that more assets are available to be re-priced than liabilities; hence, an increase in the interest rates will positively impact the Bank's net interest income.

In addition to monitoring the assets and liabilities gap, the Bank also uses interest rate derivatives (i.e. interest rate swaps) to mitigate the interest rate risk impact on the earnings.

The primary tool used to monitor the interest rate risk impact on the net assets value is the basis point value ("BPV") analysis and economic value of equity ("EVE") analysis. The Bank's BPV positions are monitored on daily basis against the approved BPV limits as set by the Head Office based on recommendation by ALCO, whereas, the EVE is monitored and reported to ALCO on a monthly basis.

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 3.3.1 Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book (continued)

The table below details the disclosure for interest rate risk in the banking book, the increase or decline in earnings and equity for upward and downward rate shocks which are consistent with shocks applied in stress test for measuring interest rate risk, broken down by various currencies, where relevant:

	•	Impact on positions as at reporting period (200 basis points) Hike		ositions as at g period	
	<u>-</u>			ooints) Hike	
	Increase/	<del></del>		Joints) Tilke	
	(Decrease) in	Increase/	Increase/ (Decrease) in	Increase/	
	` '	(Decrease) in	•	(Decrease) in	
Type of Currency	taxation	,	taxation	,	
Type of Currency		equity			
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	
	2020	2020	2019	2019	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
JPY	(440)	(334)	(158)	(120)	
USD	(919)	(698)	(727)	(553)	
MYR	(8,505)	(6,464)	(4,194)	(3,187)	

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

### 3.4. Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, human behaviour and systems, or from external events. Operational risk is inherent in each of the Bank's business activities. These include breakdowns, error, business interruption and inappropriate behaviour of employees, and can potentially result in financial losses and other damage to the Bank.

Operational risks are managed and controlled within the individual business lines. The ALCO monitors the predetermined items to assess the trend of operational risks.

#### The Calculation of Value Equivalent to Operational Risk-weighted Asset

The Bank currently uses Basic Indicator Approach ("BIA") to calculate its value equivalent to operational risk-weighted assets as at 31 March 2020.

The following tables present the minimum disclosure on regulatory capital requirements on operational risk.

31 March 2020 Operational Risk	Risk-Weighted Assets RM'000 636,404	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8% RM'000 50,912
31 March 2019	Risk-Weighted Assets RM'000	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8% RM'000
Operational Risk	532,388	42,591

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 4. Capital Adequacy

(a) The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are as follows:

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Core capital ratio	21.199%	22.463%
Risk-weighted capital ratio	22.365%	23.692%

The capital adequacy ratios consist of capital base and risk-weighted assets derived from balances of the Bank. Beginning 1 January 2016, the minimum regulatory capital adequacy requirement has been increased to include capital requirement for capital conservation buffer and countercyclical capital buffer. As at 31 March 2020, the minimum regulatory capital adequacy and capital buffer requirement is 10.50% (March 2019: 10.51%) for the risk-weighted capital ratio.

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 4. Capital Adequacy (continued)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets by exposures in each major risk category are as follows:

31 March 2020 Exposure class		Gross exposures RM'000	Net exposures RM'000	Risk- weighted assets RM'000	Capital requirements RM'000
(i) Credit risk					
On-balance sheet ex	<u> «posures:</u>				
Sovereigns / Central Banks Banks, Development Financial		2,555,940	2,555,940	-	-
Institutions and M	/IDBs	3,264,725	3,264,725	683,608	54,689
Corporates		15,393,835	15,393,835	7,951,178	636,094
Other assets	<u> </u>	644,103	644,103	643,650	51,492
Total on-balance she	eet				
exposures	_	21,858,603	21,858,603	9,278,436	742,275
Off-balance sheet ex		E E20 0E0	E E20 0E0	4 740 546	270.064
Credit-related expos	_	5,536,658	5,536,658	4,749,516	379,961
Total off-balance she exposures	eet	5,536,658	5,536,658	4,749,516	379,961
Total on and off-bala exposures	ance sheet	27,395,261	27,395,261	14,027,952	1,122,236
(ii) Large exposure ris requirement	- k -	-	-	-	-
(iii) Market risk	Long position RM'000	Short position RM'000			
Interest rate risk Foreign exchange	24,361,125	24,251,263	109,862	357,832	28,627
risk	12,405	-	12,405	12,405	992
	24,373,530	24,251,263	122,267	370,237	29,619
(iv) Operational risk			_	636,404	50,912
Total risk-weighted assets and capital requirements			15,034,593	1,202,767	

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### 4. Capital Adequacy (continued)

		Gross	Net	Risk- weighted	Capital
31 March 2019		exposures	exposures	•	requirements
Exposure class		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
(i) Credit risk					
On-balance sheet ex	(posures:				
Sovereigns / Central		3,334,923	3,334,923	-	-
Banks, Developmen	t Financial				
Institutions and M	1DBs	2,926,368	2,926,368	686,899	54,952
Corporates		12,787,592	12,787,592	6,945,866	555,669
Other assets	<u>_</u>	373,918	373,918	373,628	29,890
Total on-balance she	eet				
exposures	_	19,422,801	19,422,801	8,006,393	640,511
Off-balance sheet ex	•				
Credit-related expos		5,168,800	5,168,800	4,342,035	347,363
Total off-balance she	eet				
exposures		5,168,800	5,168,800	4,342,035	347,363
Total on and off-bala	unce sheet				_
exposures		24,591,601	24,591,601	12,348,428	987,874
σπροσαίου	-	24,001,001	24,001,001	12,040,420	001,014
(ii) Large exposure ris requirement	k _	-	-	-	
<b>410. 22.</b> 1. 1. 1.	Long position	Short position			
(iii) Market risk	RM'000	RM'000		0.4.4.	0= 4=0
Interest rate risk	20,259,492	20,205,436	54,056	314,734	25,179
Foreign exchange		(2.2)			
risk	21,326	(39)	21,365	21,326	1,706
	20,280,818	20,205,397	75,421	336,060	26,885
(iv) Operational risk			_	532,388	42,591
Total risk-weighted assets and capital requirements			13,216,876	1,057,350	

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

## 5. Capital Structure

The components of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital of the Bank are as follows:

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Tier 1 capital		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	2,452,605	2,452,605
Retained earnings	732,626	514,958
Other reserves	84,833	114,470
	3,270,064	3,082,033
Less: Deferred tax assets	-	-
55% of fair value reserve	(2,394)	(1,580)
Regulatory reserve	(80,480)	(111,598)
Total Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) and Tier 1 capital	3,187,190	2,968,855
Tier 2 capital		
Expected credit losses (Stage 1 and Stage 2)	97,266	50,929
Regulatory reserve *	78,083	111,598
Total Tier 2 capital	175,349	162,527
Total capital base	3,362,539	3,131,382

<sup>\*</sup> Collective ECL on non-credit impaired exposure and regulatory reserves is subject to a maximum of 1.25% of total credit risk-weighted assets.

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## UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2020

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ATTESTATION

In accordance with Bank Negara Malaysia's Risk Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel II) - Disclosure Requirements (Pillar 3), I hereby attest that to the best of my knowledge, the disclosures contained in Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Malaysia Berhad's Pillar 3 Disclosure report for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 are consistent with the manner the Bank assesses and manages its risk, accurate, complete and not misleading in any particular way.

Tetsuya Kainaka Chief Executive Officer

Date: 28 September 2020