[Company No. 201001042446 (926374-U)] (Incorporated in Malaysia)

UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

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1. Overview

The Pillar 3 Disclosure for financial reporting beginning 1 January 2010 was introduced under the Bank Negara Malaysia's Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF"), which is the equivalent to Basel II issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. Basel II consists of 3 Pillars as follows:

- (a) Pillar 1 outlines the minimum amount of regulatory capital that banking institutions must hold against credit, market and operational risks assumed.
- (b) Pillar 2 focuses on strengthening the supervisory review process in developing more rigorous risk management framework and techniques. The purpose is for banking institutions to implement an effective and rigorous internal capital adequacy assessment process that commensurate with the risk profile and business plans of the Bank.
- (c) Pillar 3 sets out the minimum disclosure requirements of information on the risk management practices and capital adequacy of banking institution, aimed to enhance comparability amongst banking institutions.

The approaches adopted by Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Malaysia Berhad ("the Bank"), are shown in the table below:

Risk type	Approach adopted	Capital requirement assessment					
Credit	Standardised Approach	Standard risk weights					
Market	Standardised Approach	Standard risk weights					
Operational	Basic Indicator Approach*	Fixed percentage over average gross income for a fixed number of years					
	Business Indicator Component**	Business Indicator Component and Internal Loss Multiplier					

- * For 30 September 2024 report
- ** For 31 March 2025 report and onwards, in accordance with Bank Negara Malaysia's Revised Capital Adequacy Framework (Operational Risk), issued date on 15 December 2023 and effective date on 1 January 2025

The Bank's main business activity is commercial banking focusing on corporate banking, trade and treasury businesses. The Bank is also involved in Islamic banking business providing non-Malaysia Ringgit Islamic facilities via International Currency Business Unit ("ICBU") since March 2014 and Malaysia Ringgit Islamic facilities via Islamic Banking Window ("IBW") since January 2023, after securing Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") approval. During this financial year, IBW has also expanded its business to provide Japanese Yen financing facility to its customer.

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2. Capital Management

The objective of the Bank's capital management policy is to maintain an adequate level of capital to support business growth strategies under an acceptable risk framework, and to meet its regulatory minimum capital requirements. The Bank's capital management process includes analysis of the risk appetite and the capital requirement for the business growth and periodical monitoring of capital adequacy ratios.

3. Capital Management Framework

The Bank has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk
- Operational risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Bank's risk management framework. The Board has established a Board Risk Management Committee ("BRMC"), which is responsible for developing the risk management policies and assessing the implementation of risk management by the management of the Bank. The Bank has also established a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") as one of the management committees to formulate the policies, procedures and risk limits and conduct periodical monitoring on risk exposure, risk portfolio and risk management activities.

3.1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Bank if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Bank's exposure to credit risk arises principally from loans, advances and financing to customers, placements with other banks, investment in debt securities, derivative financial assets and other receivables.

Credit Risk Management

Integral to the management of credit risk, the Bank has credit policies and procedures in place to identify, measure and manage credit risk. Whilst, the Bank continually monitors the exposure to credit risk on an on going basis and identify emerging risks to formulate appropriate mitigation actions.

The Bank monitors its credit concentration risk from a single counterparty exposure, large exposure or from other portfolio concentrations by setting an exposure limits on customers, customer group, industries, products, asset quality etc.

Credit evaluations are required to be performed on customers requiring credit by the business managers and credit analyst in the first line of defence function with independent risk assessment and approval roles in the second line of defence function which are clearly defined and segregated.

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit Risk Governance

The Bank has established Credit Committee as one of the management committees with the following objectives:

- (i) to review, analyse and endorse or approve credit proposal by ensuring approvals are granted within the Bank's risk appetite as well as effective credit limit control and monitoring; and
- (ii) the review and approvals are guided by credit policies and procedures which are reviewed periodically to ensure their continued relevance to the Bank's business strategy and the business environment.

The RMC conducts periodical monitoring on credit exposure trend, asset quality by obligor grading and its credit cost ratio in relation to the probability of default as well as default or impaired loans ratio, portfolio concentration analysis and credit related limits control such as single counterparty exposure limit, large loan limit, exposure to connected parties, product concentration limits and sectorial limits.

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from loans, advances and receivables are represented by the carrying amounts of cash and short-term funds, deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, debt instruments measured at FVOCI and loans, advances and financing and other receivables as shown in the statement of financial position.

The Bank has taken reasonable steps to ensure that loans, advances, investments and receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are stated at their realisable values. A significant portion of these loans, advances, investments and receivables are regular customers or counterparties that have been transacting with the Bank.

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Distribution of credit exposures

(a) The following table presents the gross credit exposures of financial assets of the Bank analysed by economic sector:

31 March 2025	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions*	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total off- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total exposures RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	6,963	-	-	-	-	6,963	320,670	327,633
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	752,449	-	49	-	-	752,498	370,220	1,122,718
Manufacturing	-	-	-	1,392,311	-	27,153	-	-	1,419,464	7,413,364	8,832,828
Electricity, gas and											
water	-	-	-	969,111	-	-	-	-	969,111	802,237	1,771,348
Construction	-	-	-	16,008	-	395	-	-	16,403	513,960	530,363
Wholesale and retail trad and restaurants	e,										
and hotel	-	-	-	664,833	-	1,986	-	-	666,819	2,592,820	3,259,639
Finance, insurance and											
business services	5,777,276	3,377,802	3,362,258	6,067,547	8,450	621,166	15,249	354,134	19,583,882	23,651,753	43,235,635
Transport, storage and											
communication	-	-	-	1,476,000	-	4,471	-	-	1,480,471	336,669	1,817,140
Real estate	-	-	-	1,552,407	-	6,088	-	-	1,558,495	694,509	2,253,004
Education, health and											
others	-	-	-	661,372	-	5,513	-	-	666,885	363,155	1,030,040
	5,777,276	3,377,802	3,362,258	13,559,001	8,450	666,821	15,249	354,134	27,120,991	37,059,357	64,180,348
Allowance for ECL	(1,784)	(1,444)	-	(82,176)	-	-	-	(144)	(85,548)	-	(85,548)
Other assets not subject	to										
credit risk		-	-	-	-	-	-	116,708	116,708	<u> </u>	116,708
	5,775,492	3,376,358	3,362,258	13,476,825	8,450	666,821	15,249	470,698	27,152,151	37,059,357	64,211,508

^{*} Exclude allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL")

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Distribution of credit exposures (continued)

31 March 2024	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions*	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total off- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total exposures RM'000
Agriculture	_	_	_	15,005	-	_	-	_	15,005	343,833	358,838
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	890,826	-	67	-	-	890,893	381,297	1,272,190
Manufacturing	-	-	-	1,889,649	-	74,382	-	-	1,964,031	7,648,418	9,612,449
Electricity, gas and											
water	-	-	-	584,744	-	-	-	-	584,744	851,322	1,436,066
Construction	-	-	-	171,036	-	49	-	-	171,085	383,260	554,345
Wholesale and retail trad	e,										
and restaurants											
and hotel	-	-	-	669,102	-	6,524	-	-	675,626	2,599,621	3,275,247
Finance, insurance and											
business services	5,769,489	2,035,228	3,373,882	5,974,951	650	728,111	9,661	102,810	17,994,782	28,408,104	46,402,886
Transport, storage and											
communication	-	-	-	1,612,865	-	1,566	-	-	1,614,431	385,164	1,999,595
Real estate	-	-	-	1,726,745	-	-	-	-	1,726,745	230,190	1,956,935
Education, health and											
others	-	-	-	910,062	-	2,031	-	-	912,093	317,417	1,229,510
	5,769,489	2,035,228	3,373,882	14,444,985	650	812,730	9,661	102,810	26,549,435	41,548,626	68,098,061
Allowance for ECL	(1,595)	(1,333)	-	(91,597)	-	-	-	(38)	(94,563)	-	(94,563)
Other assets not subject	to										
credit risk		-	-	-	-	-	-	101,495	101,495		101,495
	5,767,894	2,033,895	3,373,882	14,353,388	650	812,730	9,661	204,267	26,556,367	41,548,626	68,104,993

^{*} Exclude allowance for ECL

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Distribution of credit exposures (continued)

(b) The following table presents the gross credit exposures of financial assets of the Bank analysed by geographical location based on where the credit risk resides:

31 March 2025	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions* RM'000	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total off- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total exposures RM'000
Malaysia	5,509,565	3,377,802	3,362,258	13,136,907	8,450	656,619	15,249	354,134	26,420,984	34,977,653	61,398,637
Other countries	267,711	-	-	422,094	-	10,202	-	-	700,007	2,081,704	2,781,711
	5,777,276	3,377,802	3,362,258	13,559,001	8,450	666,821	15,249	354,134	27,120,991	37,059,357	64,180,348
31 March 2024											
Malaysia	5,217,298	2,035,228	3,373,882	13,449,567	650	798,400	9,661	102,810	24,987,496	38,081,566	63,069,062
Other countries	552,191	-	-	995,418	-	14,330	-	-	1,561,939	3,467,060	5,028,999
	5,769,489	2,035,228	3,373,882	14,444,985	650	812,730	9,661	102,810	26,549,435	41,548,626	68,098,061

^{*} Exclude allowance for ECL

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Distribution of credit exposures (continued)

(c) The following table presents the residual contractual maturity breakdown by major types of gross credit exposures for on-balance sheet exposures of financial assets. Approximately 63.29% of the Bank's exposures to customers are short-term, having contractual maturity of one year or less:

		eposits and							
		placements							
		with banks		Loans,					Total on-
	Cash and	and other	Financial	advances	Statutory	Derivative			balance
	short-term	financial	investments	and	deposits	financial	Plant and	Other	sheet
	funds*	institutions*	FVOCI	financing*	with BNM	assets	equipment	assets*	exposures
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31 March 2025									
Up to 1 month	5,777,276	-	302,046	2,643,634	8,450	22,663	-	352,331	9,106,400
> 1-3 months	-	3,377,802	401,724	442,385	-	46,585	-	-	4,268,496
> 3-12 months	-	-	1,996,340	1,600,363	-	190,385	-	1,803	3,788,891
> 1-5 years	-	-	662,148	6,797,487	-	394,532	15,249	-	7,869,416
> 5 years		-	-	2,075,132	-	12,656	-	-	2,087,788
	5,777,276	3,377,802	3,362,258	13,559,001	8,450	666,821	15,249	354,134	27,120,991

^{*} Exclude allowance for ECL

The residual contractual maturity for off-balance sheet exposures is not presented as the total off-balance sheet exposures do not represent future receivables since the Bank expects many of these commitments (such as undrawn credit facilities) to expire or unconditionally cancelled by the Bank without them being called or drawn upon.

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Distribution of credit exposures (continued)

	Cash and short-term	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions*	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000
31 March 2024 Up to 1 month	5,769,489	_	2,798,366	2,385,517	650	29,493	-	100,831	11,084,346
> 1-3 months	-	2,035,228	150,790	752,262	-	22,788	-	-	2,961,068
> 3-12 months	-	-	30,079	1,292,569	-	129,575	-	1,979	1,454,202
> 1-5 years	-	-	394,647	8,880,937	-	623,638	9,661	-	9,908,883
> 5 years		-	-	1,133,700	-	7,236	-	-	1,140,936
	5,769,489	2,035,228	3,373,882	14,444,985	650	812,730	9,661	102,810	26,549,435

Exclude allowance for ECL

The residual contractual maturity for off-balance sheet exposures is not presented as the total off-balance sheet exposures do not represent future receivables since the Bank expects many of these commitments (such as undrawn credit facilities) to expire or unconditionally cancelled by the Bank without them being called or drawn upon.

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing

The Bank's ECL model takes account of the on and off-balance sheet credit exposures to sovereign, financial institutions and corporates. The credit exposures are categorised into three stages, defined as follows:

Stage 1: Ordinary / Performing Credit Exposure (12-month ECL)

Stage 2: Exposure with Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Lifetime ECL)

Stage 3: Impaired Credit Exposure (Lifetime ECL)

The general and impairment provision of the credit exposures are equivalent to 12-month ECL or Lifetime ECL, depending on the stage of credit exposures applicable to each financial asset.

All gross loans, advances and financing are neither past due nor impaired as at the following reporting dates:

	2025 RM'000	2024 RM'000
At amortised cost:		
Overdraft	42,181	2,293
Term loans / financing		
- Syndicated loans / Syndicated Islamic financing	2,936,572	3,471,584
- Factoring receivables	48,014	182,069
- Other term loans / Islamic term financing	5,557,714	6,432,092
Trade bills discounted	4,598	68,666
Revolving credits / Revolving credit-i	4,969,922	4,285,311
Trust receipt		2,970
Gross loans, advances and financing	13,559,001	14,444,985
Less: Allowance for ECL		
- 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	(4,915)	(5,948)
 Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2) 	(26,982)	(32,064)
 Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3) 	(50,279)	(53,585)
Net loans, advances and financing	13,476,825	14,353,388

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing (continued)

(a) The following table presents the ECL allowance for impairment on loans, advances and financing of the Bank analysed by economic sector:

31 March 2025	Agriculture RM'000	Mining and quarrying RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000		Construction		Finance, insurance and business services RM'000	Transport, storage and communication RM'000	Real estate RM'000	Education, health and other services RM'000	Total RM'000
Loans, advances and financing	42	4,627	8,432	5,868	97	4,026	2,268	8,938	43,873	4,005	82,176
and illiancing	42	4,627	8,432	5,868	97	4,026	2,268	8,938	43,873	4,005	82,176
	Agriculture RM'000	Mining and quarrying RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000		Construction		Finance, insurance and business services RM'000	Transport, storage and communication RM'000	Real estate RM'000	Education, health and other services RM'000	Total RM'000
31 March 2024 Loans, advances											
and financing	95	5,649	11,982	3,708	1,085	4,243	2,568	10,227	46,269	5,771	91,597
	95	5,649	11,982	3,708	1,085	4,243	2,568	10,227	46,269	5,771	91,597

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing (continued)

(b) The following table presents the ECL allowance for impairment on loans, advances and financing of the Bank analysed by geographical location based on where the credit risk resides:

	Malaysia RM'000	Other countries RM'000	Total RM'000
31 March 2025			
Loans, advances and financing	28,510	53,666	82,176
	Malaysia RM'000	Other countries RM'000	Total RM'000
31 March 2024			
Loans, advances and financing	36,893	54,704	91,597

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit quality of gross loans, advances and financing (continued)

(c) Movements in impairment allowances on loans, advances and financing which reflects ECL model on impairment as follows:

	12-month ECL (Stage 1) RM'000	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000	Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 April 2024	5,948	32,064	53,585	91,597
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit	11,047	(11,047)	-	-
impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL credit	(1,815)	1,815	-	-
impaired (Stage 3) Loans, advances and financing	-	-	-	-
derecognised	(3,084)	(10,879)	-	(13,963)
New loans, advances and financing originated or purchased	3,387	5,307	-	8,694
Changes due to change in credit risk	(10,568)	9,722	(3,306)	(4,152)
At 31 March 2025	4,915	26,982	50,279	82,176
-				
At 1 April 2023	6,309	53,063	51,065	110,437
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit	17,467	(17,467)	-	-
impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL credit	(1,759)	1,759	-	-
impaired (Stage 3) Loans, advances and financing	-	-	-	-
derecognised	(2,309)	(12,341)	-	(14,650)
New loans, advances and financing originated or purchased	4,182	5,702	-	9,884
Changes due to change in credit risk	(17,942)	1,348	2,520	(14,074)
At 31 March 2024	5,948	32,064	53,585	91,597

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach

The Bank refers to the credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies in its calculation of credit risk-weighted assets. The following are the External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAI") ratings used by the Bank and are recognised by BNM in the RWCAF:

- (a) Standard & Poor's Rating Services ("S & P")
- (b) Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's")
- (c) Fitch Ratings ("Fitch")
- (d) RAM Rating Services Berhad ("RAM")
- (e) Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad ("MARC")
- (f) Rating and Investment Information, Inc. ("R&I")

The ECAI ratings accorded to the following counterparty exposure classes are used in the calculation of risk-weighted assets for capital adequacy purposes:

- (a) Sovereigns and Central Bank
- (b) Banking Institutions
- (c) Corporates

Rated and Unrated Counterparties

In general, the issue rating i.e. the rating specific to the credit exposure is used. When there is no specific rating available, the credit rating assigned to the issuer or counterparty of the particular credit exposure is used. In cases where an exposure has neither an issue or issuer rating, it is deemed as unrated.

Where a counterparty or an exposure is rated by more than one ECAI, all available external ratings of the counterparty will be captured and the following rules will be observed:

- Where 2 recognised external ratings are available, the lower rating is to be applied; or
- Where 3 or more recognised external ratings are available, the lower of the highest 2 ratings will be used for the capital adequacy calculation purposes.

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)

A. The following is a summary of the rules governing the assignment of risk weights and rating categories under the Standardised Approach:

Sovereigns and Central Banks

Rating category	S&P	Moody's	Fitch	R&I	Risk Weight
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA-	0%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	20%
3	BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB+ to BBB-	50%
4	BB+ to B-	Ba1 to B3	BB+ to B-	BB+ to B-	100%
5	CCC+ to D	Caa1 to C	CCC+ to D	CCC+ to C	150%
Unrated					100%

Banking Institutions

Rating category	S & P	Moody's	Fitch	RAM	MARC	R&I	Risk Weight
1		Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA-	20%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	50%
3	BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB1 to BBB3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB+ to BBB-	50%
4	BB+ to B-	Ba1 to B3	BB+ to B-	BB1 to B3	BB+ to B-	BB+ to B-	100%
5	CCC+ to D	Caa1 to C	CCC+ to D	C1 to D	C+ to D	CCC+ to C	150%
Unrated							50%

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)

A. The following is a summary of the rules governing the assignment of risk weights and rating categories under the Standardised Approach (continued):

Corporate

Rating category	S & P	Moody's	Fitch	RAM	MARC	R&I	Risk Weight
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA-	20%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	50%
3	BBB+ to BB-	Baa1 to Ba3	BBB+ to BB-	BBB1 to BB3	BBB+ to BB-	BBB+ to BB-	100%
4	B+ to D	B1 to C	B+ to D	B1 to D	B+ to D	B+ to D	150%
Unrated							100%

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)

B. The following table presents the breakdown of credit exposures by risk weights of the Bank:

			Banks, Development			Total Exposure after	
	Sovereigns/	Public Sector	Financial Institutions and			Netting and	Total Risk-Weighted
31 March 2025 Risk Weights	Central Banks RM'000	Entities RM'000		Corporates RM'000	Other Assets RM'000	Mitigation RM'000	Assets RM'000
0%	5,068,776	-	-	6,251,018	-	11,319,794	-
20%	-	-	8,266,401	3,440,135	-	11,706,536	2,341,307
50%	-	-	1,022,405	321,077	-	1,343,482	671,742
100%		53,855	-	9,593,388	695,802	10,343,045	10,343,045
Total	5,068,776	53,855	9,288,806	19,605,618	695,802	34,712,857	13,356,094
Risk-weighted assets by exposure		53,855	2,164,483	10,441,954	695,802	13,356,094	
Average risk weight	0.0%	100.0%	23.3%	53.3%	100.0%	38.5%	
Deduction from capital base		-	-	-	-	-	

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)

B. The following table presents the breakdown of credit exposures by risk weights of the Bank (continued):

						Restated	
			Panka			Total	
			Banks,			Exposure	Destated
		Destated	Development			after	Restated
	Sovereigns/	Restated Public Sector	Financial Institutions and	Restated		Netting and Credit Risk	Total Risk-Weighted
31 March 2024	Central Banks	Entities	MDBs	Corporates	Other Assets	Mitigation	Assets
Risk Weights	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
0%	6,440,022	-	-	6,902,635	-	13,342,657	-
20%	-	-	4,845,018	2,562,338	-	7,407,356	1,481,471
50%	-	-	1,441,927	-	-	1,441,927	720,964
100%	-	38,777	-	11,200,789	844,543	12,084,109	12,084,109
Total	6,440,022	38,777	6,286,945	20,665,762	844,543	34,276,049	14,286,544
Risk-weighted assets by exposure		38,777	1,689,967	11,713,257	844,543	14,286,544	
Average risk weight	0.0%	100.0%	26.9%	56.7%	100.0%	41.7%	
Deduction from capital base	_	-	-	-	-	-	

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach (continued)

C. The following table presents the on and off balance sheet credit exposures, categorised according to the credit quality rating:

	Rating Categories								
	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated			
31 March 2025	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000			
Sovereign and Central Bank	5,068,776	-	-	-	-	-			
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-	-	53,855			
Banks, Development Financial									
Institutions and MDBs	8,254,677	1,022,405	-	-	-	-			
Corporates ^	9,691,153	321,077	9,605,112	-	-	-			
Other assets *	-	-	-	-	-	695,802			

	Rating Categories							
Restated	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated		
31 March 2024	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Sovereign and Central Bank	6,440,022	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-	-	38,777		
Banks, Development Financial								
Institutions and MDBs	4,845,018	1,441,927	-	-	-	-		
Corporates	9,464,973	-	11,200,789	-	-	-		
Other assets #	-	-	-	-	-	844,543		

[^] Total cash collateral of RM6,251,018 thousand was rated at 0% risk under corporates.

Total cash collateral of RM1,897,394 thousand was rated at 20% risk under corporates.

^{*} Total cash of other assets at nil was rated at 0% risk. The remaining balance was classified under 100% risk.

[#] Total cash of other assets at nil was rated at 0% risk. The remaining balance was classified under 100% risk.

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

General Disclosure for Off-Balance Sheet Exposure and Counterparty Credit Risk

The following table presents the Bank's off-balance sheet exposure and counterparty credit risk:

		Positive fair	Negative fair		
		value of	_	Credit	Risk
	Principal	derivative	derivative	equivalent	weighted
31 March 2025	amount	contracts	contracts	amount	assets
Description	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Transaction related contingent					
item	505,992			252,996	252,996
Short-term self-liquidating					
trade related contingencies	335,752			67,150	38,639
Foreign exchange related contracts:					
- Less than one year	13,305,428	259,463	241,219	556,606	295,645
- One year to less than five years	9,846,444	379,066	368,296	1,228,800	551,343
- Five years and above	750,328	9,190	3,961	141,841	53,185
Interest/Profit rate related contracts					
- Less than one year	75,266	87	64	173	108
- One year to less than five years	1,246,007	15,579	14,421	39,497	26,854
- Five years and above	197,868	3,436	1,643	31,137	22,494
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of up to					
one year	248,384			49,677	47,231
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of over					
one year	10,547,888			5,273,945	4,893,095
Total	37,059,357	666,821	629,604	7,641,822	6,181,590

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

General Disclosure for Off-Balance Sheet Exposure and Counterparty Credit Risk (continued)

The following table presents the Bank's off-balance sheet exposure and counterparty credit risk (continued):

		Positive fair	Negative fair	Restated	Restated
		value of	value of	Credit	Risk
	Principal	derivative	derivative	equivalent	weighted
31 March 2024	amount	contracts	contracts	amount	assets
Description	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Transaction related contingent					
item	477,057			238,528	238,528
Short-term self-liquidating					
trade related contingencies	472,994			94,599	94,599
Foreign exchange related contracts:					
- Less than one year	15,368,344	181,443	145,675	393,731	234,709
- One year to less than five years	12,630,186	592,574	521,667	1,742,328	1,044,440
- Five years and above	178,188	1,513	103	36,899	28,354
Interest/Profit rate related contracts					
- Less than one year	11,783	218	1	234	117
- One year to less than five years	1,258,023	31,277	29,688	56,494	34,007
- Five years and above	208,615	5,705	3,722	36,997	26,321
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of up to					
one year	971,098			194,220	174,477
Other commitments, such as formal					
standby facilities and credit lines,					
with an original maturity of over					
one year	9,972,338			4,986,169	4,722,826
Total	41,548,626	812,730	700,856	7,780,199	6,598,378

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit Risk Mitigation

When extending credit, the Bank shall make reasonable credit judgment after confirming the credit standing and repayment/payment ability of the borrower/customer and does not grant credit facilities solely on the basis of the collateral provided. Credit facilities may be provided on an unsecured basis or with some credit supports depending on few common factors such as the strength of customer's credit standing, product type and/or the total counterparty exposures. Credit risk mitigation nevertheless is an important aspect of effective risk management in the Bank.

Collaterals taken by the Bank generally are cash, properties and corporate guarantees. At present, the Bank does not make use of credit derivative instruments and on and off-balance sheet netting in the bank's credit risk mitigation process. The netting arrangement will be considered on an as-and-when basis to minimise the Bank's risk exposures. Exposures arising from forex and derivatives are typically mitigated through agreements such as the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreements and the Credit Support Annex (CSA). Such agreements help to minimise credit exposure by allowing the Bank to offset what it owes to a counterparty against what is due from that counterparty in the event of default. The Bank has procedures to ensure that appropriate information is available to support the collateral process and to highlight counterparties that have not met their requirement for additional collateral to satisfy specified initial margin amount and variation margin threshold.

For calculating and assessing Net Credit Risk-Weighted Assets (RWA), the Bank takes into account eligible collaterals pledged with the Bank, that are primarily cash deposits. Collateral haircuts are applied when there is a currency mismatch between customer exposure and collaterals.

For collateral valuation and management, the Bank is guided by its credit policy and procedures. The collaterals legal enforceability are reviewed on yearly basis or as and when there are any changes to the relevant regulations.

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit Risk Mitigation (continued)

The following tables disclose the total exposure before the effect of Credit Risk Mitigation ("CRM") and the exposures covered by guarantees, credit derivatives and eligible financial collateral:

31 March 2025		Exposures	Exposures	Exposures
ST March 2023		covered by	covered by	•
	Exposures		Eligible	_
	before		Financial	
	CRM		Collateral	5
Exposure Class	RM'000		RM'000	
Credit Risk	1	11111 000	11111 000	14
On-Balance Sheet Exposures				
Sovereigns / Central Banks	5,068,776	_	-	-
Public Sector Entities	-	_	_	_
Banks, Development Financial				
Institutions & MDBs	8,335,660	_	_	_
Insurance Cos, Securities Firms &	3,000,000			
Fund Managers	_	_	_	_
Corporates	12,970,797	_	8,148,412	-
Regulatory Retail	-	_	-	-
Residential Mortgages	_	_	-	_
Higher Risk Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	695,802	-	-	-
Specialised Financing / Investment	-	-	-	_
Equity Exposure	-	-	-	-
Securitisation Exposure	-	-	-	-
Defaulted Exposure	-	-	-	-
Total On-Balance Sheet				
Exposures	27,071,035	-	8,148,412	_
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures				
OTC Derivatives	1,998,055	-	-	-
Credit Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Off-Balance sheet exposures other				
than OTC derivatives or credit				
derivatives	5,643,767	-	-	-
Defaulted exposures	-	-	-	-
Total Off-Balance Sheet				
Exposures	7,641,822	-	-	-
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet				
Exposures	34,712,857	-	8,148,412	-

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

Credit Risk Mitigation (continued)

The following tables disclose the total exposure before the effect of Credit Risk Mitigation ("CRM") and the exposures covered by guarantees, credit derivatives and eligible financial collateral (continued):

31 March 2024			Restated	
or maron 2027		Exposures	Exposures	
	Restated	· -	-	
	Exposures	-	-	_
	before		_	
	CRM			
Exposure Class	RM'000		RM'000	
Credit Risk				71111 000
On-Balance Sheet Exposures				
Sovereigns / Central Banks	6,440,022	-	-	-
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-
Banks, Development Financial				
Institutions & MDBs	5,027,518	-	-	-
Insurance Cos, Securities Firms &				
Fund Managers	-	-	-	-
Corporates	14,183,767	-	8,196,286	-
Regulatory Retail	-	-	-	-
Residential Mortgages	-	-	-	-
Higher Risk Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	844,543	-	-	-
Specialised Financing / Investment	-	-	-	-
Equity Exposure	-	-	-	-
Securitisation Exposure	-	-	-	-
Defaulted Exposure	-	-	-	-
Total On-Balance Sheet				
Exposures	26,495,850	-	8,196,286	-
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures				
OTC Derivatives	2,266,684	-	1	-
Credit Derivatives	-	-	1	-
Off-Balance sheet exposures other				
than OTC derivatives or credit				
derivatives	5,513,515	-		-
Defaulted exposures				
Total Off-Balance Sheet				
Exposures	7,780,199	-	-	-
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet				
Exposures	34,276,049	-	8,196,286	

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3.1. Credit Risk (continued)

The CCR on derivative financial instruments is the risk that the Bank's counterparty in a foreign exchange, interest rate, options or credit derivative contract defaults prior to maturity date of the contract and the Bank has a claim on the counterparty at a relevant time. The Bank's financial loss is not the entire contracted principal value of the derivatives, but the Bank will only suffer a replacement cost if the contract carries a fair value gain at time of default.

The CCR is managed via the establishment of counterparty limits and also managed as part of the overall lending limits to banks and customers based on BNM's Single Counterparty Exposure Limit ("SCEL"). As the counterparty credit risk exposure fluctuates with market variables, counterparty credit risk is measured as the sum of mark-to-market (MTM) plus appropriate addon factor for Potential Exposure (PE). The PE factor is an estimate of the maximum credit exposure over the remaining life of the foreign exchange (FX)/ derivative transactions and is used for limit setting estimation and internal risk management.

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3.2. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk when the Bank fails to raise funds to meet the present or future demand of customers or counterparties at a reasonable cost. The potential liquidity risks of the Bank mainly include customers' premature and collective withdrawal, overdue payment of the debtors, mismatched asset-liability maturity structure and difficulties in realisation of assets.

The primary tool used for monitoring liquidity is the Bank Negara Malaysia's Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR"). The LCR measured the adequacy of high quality liquid assets to withstand acute liquidity stress scenario over 30-day horizon. It is further supplemented with the internal liquidity risk management policies set by the Board of Directors and incorporated in the Market / Liquidity Risk Management policies and procedures. These policies ensure that the liquidity surpluses are within the limit. The Assets and Liabilities Management Committee ("ALCO") is responsible for the liquidity risk management. The liquidity risk management activities are carried out through active management of maturity profiles of assets and liabilities, diversification of the funding base and proactive management of the Bank's customer deposits.

The simple average of recent 12 month end LCRs increased by 15.74% mainly due to lower net cash outflow.

The LCR are as follows:

FYE 31 March	2025	2024
Simple average of recent 12 months	186.28%	170.54%

3.3. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other prices that will affect the Bank's financial position or cash flows due to the revaluation of financial instruments categorised as trading items. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within the predetermined limits which are in line with the risk appetite of the Bank.

The BRMC approves the Bank's market risk appetite taking account of market volatility, the range of traded products and assets classes, the business volumes and transaction sizes. Market risk appetite has remained broadly stable since 2011 and to date.

The BRMC is responsible for the limit setting at a business level. The BRMC is also responsible for policies and other standards for the control of market risk and overseeing their effective implementation. These policies cover both trading and non-trading books of the Bank.

All permanent limits are approved by the Board / BRMC prior to implementation. Exceptions are escalated to the Board / BRMC.

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3.3. Market Risk (continued)

Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk in market risk management refers to the changes in the present values of fixed income securities in the trading book and derivative instrument such as interest rate swap, currency swap and forward exchange rate contracts, as a result of changes in the levels of market interest rates. Bank's ALCO regularly reviews the interest rate outlook, assessed the vulnerability of present values of the trading book items and develops strategies to mitigate interest rate risk.

Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign exchange risk arises from exchange rate movements, which affects the profit of the Bank from its foreign exchange open positions taken from time to time. This risk is principally managed by setting predetermined limits on open foreign exchange positions against these limits and the setting and monitoring of cut-loss mechanisms. To mitigate this risk the Bank's foreign exchange positions with customers are normally hedged with counter deals in the market and the Bank does not keep any large open currency positions. The Bank enters into foreign exchange related derivatives, namely spot and forward contracts, as part of its strategies to manage foreign exchange risk.

	Long position RM'000	Short position RM'000	Risk- weighted assets RM'000	Minimum capital requirements at 8% RM'000
31 March 2025				
Interest rate risk	24,062,654	23,989,455	297,185	23,775
Foreign exchange risk	6,124	(1,432)	6,124	490
	24,068,778	23,988,023	303,309	24,265
Restated 31 March 2024				
Interest rate risk	27,163,040	27,071,241	309,349	24,748
Foreign exchange risk	1,525	(24,695)	24,695	1,976
	27,164,565	27,046,546	334,044	26,724

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3.3.1 Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book

Interest rate risk is defined as the potential impact on the Bank's earnings (i.e. the net interest income) and the net assets value resulting from a change in interest rates.

Interest rate risk in banking book is managed through the Bank's ALCO, which meets on a monthly basis. The committee is responsible to study the sensitivity of the net interest income against the change in interest rates and subsequently, to determine the Bank's policy on balance sheet management. The committee also monitors the impact of the change in interest rates on the net assets value.

The primary tool used for monitoring the interest rate risk impact on the earnings is the repricing gap analysis. In this analysis, the re-price dates of rate sensitive assets are compared against the re-price dates of rate sensitive liabilities. A positive gap position indicates that more assets are available to be re-priced than liabilities; hence, an increase in the interest rates will positively impact the Bank's net interest income.

In addition to monitoring the assets and liabilities gap, the Bank also uses interest rate derivatives (i.e. interest rate swaps) to mitigate the interest rate risk impact on the earnings.

The primary tool used to monitor the interest rate risk impact on the net assets value is the basis point value ("BPV") analysis and economic value of equity ("EVE") analysis. The Bank's BPV positions are monitored on daily basis against the approved BPV limits as set by the Head Office based on recommendation by ALCO, whereas, the EVE is monitored and reported to ALCO on a monthly basis.

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3.3.1 Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book (continued)

The table below details the disclosure for interest rate risk in the banking book, the increase or decline in earnings and equity for upward and downward rate shocks which are consistent with shocks applied in simulation for measuring interest rate risk, broken down by various currencies, where relevant. Simulation is measured based on the banking book positions as at reporting date and does not take into account loans / financing and deposit owing to prepayments/ premature withdrawals.

	Impact on pos	itions as at	Impact on positions as a		
	reporting date		reporting	g date	
	(200 basis po	ints) Hike	(200 basis po	oints) Hike	
			Increase/		
	Decrease in		(Decrease) in	Increase/	
	profit before	Decrease	profit before	(Decrease)	
Type of Currency	taxation	in equity	taxation	equity	
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	
	2025	2025	2024	2024	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
JPY	(195,369)	(148,480)	953	724	
USD	(10,004)	(7,603)	(18,897)	(14,362)	
MYR	(526,911)	(400,452)	(41,046)	(31,195)	

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3.4. Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, human behaviour and systems, or from external events. Operational risk is inherent in each of the Bank's business activities. It includes risks such as fraud, physical damage, business interruption, transaction failures, legal and regulatory breaches, shariah non-compliance and employee health and safety hazards. Operational risk may result in direct financial loss as well as indirect financial losses to the Bank.

Operational risks are managed and controlled within the individual business lines. The RMC monitors the predetermined items to assess the trend of operational risks.

The Calculation of Value Equivalent to Operational Risk-weighted Assets

The calculation of value equivalent to operational risk-weighted assets used by the Bank are based on :

- (i) Basic Indicator Approach ("BIA"), for 30 September 2024 report; and
- (ii) Business Indicator Component ("BIC"), for 31 March 2025 report and onwards, in accordance with Bank Negara Malaysia's Revised Capital Adequacy Framework (Operational Risk), issued date on 15 December 2023 and effective date on 1 January 2025.

The following tables present the minimum disclosure on regulatory capital requirements on operational risk.

31 March 2025	Risk-Weighted Assets RM'000	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8% RM'000
Operational Risk	720,047	57,604
31 March 2024	Risk-Weighted Assets RM'000	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8% RM'000
Operational Risk	808,459	64,677

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4. Capital Adequacy

(a) The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are as follows:

) The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are as follows:	31 March 2025	Restated 31 March 2024
Core capital ratio	29.628%	25.869%
Risk-weighted capital ratio	30.789%	27.026%

The capital adequacy ratios consist of capital base and risk-weighted assets derived from balances of the Bank. Beginning 1 January 2016, the minimum regulatory capital adequacy requirement has been increased to include capital requirement for capital conservation buffer and countercyclical capital buffer. As at 31 March 2025, the minimum regulatory capital adequacy and capital buffer requirement is 10.50% (March 2024: 10.50%) for the risk-weighted capital ratio.

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4. Capital Adequacy (continued)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets by exposures in each major risk category are as follows:

				Risk-		
		Gross	Net	weighted Capit		
31 March 2025		exposures	exposures	assets re	equirements	
Exposure class	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
(i) Credit risk						
On-balance sheet	<u>exposures:</u>					
Sovereigns / Centr		5,068,776	5,068,776	-	-	
Banks, Developme						
Institutions and	MDBs	8,335,660	8,335,660	1,727,122	138,170	
Corporates		12,970,797	12,970,797	4,751,580	380,126	
Other assets	_	695,802	695,802	695,802	55,664	
Total on-balance s	heet					
exposures	_	27,071,035	27,071,035	7,174,504	573,960	
Off-balance sheet						
Credit-related expo	_	7,641,822	7,641,822	6,181,590	494,527	
Total off-balance s	heet				404 -0-	
exposures		7,641,822	7,641,822	6,181,590	494,527	
Total on and off ha	Janas shast					
Total on and off-ba	nance sneet	24 712 057	24 742 057	12.256.004	1 060 407	
exposures	_	34,712,857	34,712,857	13,356,094	1,068,487	
(ii) Large exposure ri	iek					
requirement	isk.	_	_	_	_	
requirement	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	Long	Short				
	position	position				
(iii) Market risk	RM'000	RM'000				
Interest rate risk	24,062,654	23,989,455	73,199	297,185	23,775	
Foreign exchange	2 1,002,00 1	20,000,100	. 0, . 00	201,100	20,7.70	
risk	6,124	(1,432)	7,556	6,124	490	
	24,068,778	23,988,023	80,755	303,309	24,265	
		, , -	,	, -	, -	
(iv) Operational risk				720,047	57,604	
			-			
Total risk-weighted a	assets and cap	oital requireme	ents	14,379,450	1,150,356	
			=			

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4. Capital Adequacy (continued)

31 March 2024 Exposure class (i) Credit risk	Restated Gross exposures RM'000	Net exposures	Restated Risk- weighted assets r RM'000	Restated Capital requirements RM'000
On-balance sheet exposure	2.			
Sovereigns / Central Banks	6,440,022	6,440,022	_	_
Banks, Development Finance	·	0,110,022		
Institutions and MDBs	5,027,518	5,027,518	1,094,344	87,548
Corporates	14,183,767	14,183,767	5,749,279	459,942
Other assets	844,543	844,543	844,543	67,563
Total on-balance sheet				_
exposures	26,495,850	26,495,850	7,688,166	615,053
0".1.1				
Off-balance sheet exposure		7 700 400	C FOO 270	E07.074
Credit-related exposure Total off-balance sheet	7,780,199	7,780,199	6,598,378	527,871
exposures	7,780,199	7,780,199	6,598,378	527,871
ол. р ови. в в	.,,	.,,	2,000,010	0_1,011
Total on and off-balance she	eet			
exposures	34,276,049	34,276,049	14,286,544	1,142,924
(ii) Large exposure risk				
requirement	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
posi	ong Short tion position			
(iii) Market risk RM Interest rate risk 27,163,	'000 RM'000 040 27,071,241	91,799	309,349	24,748
Foreign exchange	040 27,071,241	91,799	309,349	24,740
	525 (24,695)	26,220	24,695	1,976
27,164,	, , ,	118,019	334,044	26,724
		·	·	·
(iv) Operational risk			808,459	64,677
Total risk-weighted assets an	d capital requiren	nents	15,429,047	1,234,325

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5. Capital Structure

The components of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital of the Bank are as follows:

	31 March 2025 RM'000	Restated 31 March 2024 RM'000
Tier 1 capital		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	2,452,605	2,452,605
Retained earnings	1,805,889	1,537,885
Other reserves	160,124	157,652
	4,418,618	4,148,142
Less: Deferred tax assets	-	-
55% of fair value reserve	(2,309)	(949)
Regulatory reserve	(155,926)	(155,926)
Total Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) and Tier 1 capital	4,260,383	3,991,267
Tier 2 capital		
Expected credit losses (Stage 1 and Stage 2)	41,015	46,494
Regulatory reserve *	125,936	132,088
Total Tier 2 capital	166,951	178,582
Total capital base	4,427,334	4,169,849
i otal dapital base	+,4 ∠1,334	7,103,043

^{*} Collective ECL on non-credit impaired exposure and regulatory reserves is subject to a maximum of 1.25% of total credit risk-weighted assets.

[Company No. 201001042446 (926374-U)] (Incorporated in Malaysia)

UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.1. Credit Risk

Distribution of credit exposures by Islamic Banking Window

(a) The following table presents the gross credit exposures of financial assets of the Bank analysed by economic sector:

31 March 2025	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions* RM'000	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total off- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total exposures RM'000
Finance, insurance and											
business services	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,045	34,045	-	34,045
	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,045	34,045	-	34,045
Allowance for ECL Other assets not subject to	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>		
	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,045	34,045	-	34,045
		Deposits and placements									
31 March 2024	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	with banks and other financial institutions* RM'000	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total off- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total exposures RM'000
	short-term funds*	with banks and other financial institutions*	investments FVOCI	advances and financing*	deposits with BNM	financial assets	equipment	assets*	balance sheet exposures	balance sheet exposures	exposures
31 March 2024 Finance, insurance and business services	short-term funds*	with banks and other financial institutions*	investments FVOCI	advances and financing*	deposits with BNM	financial assets	equipment	assets*	balance sheet exposures	balance sheet exposures	exposures
Finance, insurance and business services	short-term funds* RM'000	with banks and other financial institutions*	investments FVOCI	advances and financing*	deposits with BNM	financial assets	equipment	assets*	balance sheet exposures RM'000	balance sheet exposures	exposures RM'000
Finance, insurance and business services Allowance for ECL Other assets not subject to	short-term funds* RM'000 50,900 50,900	with banks and other financial institutions* RM'000	investments FVOCI RM'000	advances and financing* RM'000	deposits with BNM RM'000	financial assets RM'000	equipment RM'000	assets*	balance sheet exposures RM'000	balance sheet exposures RM'000	exposures RM'000 50,901
Finance, insurance and business services Allowance for ECL	short-term funds* RM'000 50,900 50,900	with banks and other financial institutions* RM'000	investments FVOCI RM'000	advances and financing* RM'000	deposits with BNM RM'000	financial assets RM'000	equipment RM'000 - - -	assets*	balance sheet exposures RM'000	balance sheet exposures RM'000	exposures RM'000 50,901

^{*} Exclude allowance for ECL

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.1. Credit Risk

Distribution of credit exposures by Islamic Banking Window (continued)

(b) The following table presents the gross credit exposures of financial assets of the Bank analysed by geographical location based on where the credit risk resides:

31 March 2025	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions* RM'000	Financial investments FVOCI RM'000	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total off- balance sheet exposures RM'000	Total exposures RM'000
	20,000							4.045	24.045		24.045
Malaysia	30,000 30,000	-	-		-	-	-	4,045 4,045	34,045 34,045	-	34,045 34,045
31 March 2024											
Malaysia	50,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	50,901	-	50,901
	50,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	50,901	-	50,901

^{*} Exclude allowance for ECL

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.1. Credit Risk

Distribution of credit exposures by Islamic Banking Window (continued)

(c) The following table presents the residual contractual maturity breakdown by major types of gross credit exposures for on-balance sheet exposures of financial assets. Approximately 100% of the Bank's exposures to customers are short-term, having contractual maturity of one year or less:

		Deposits and placements							
	Cash and short-term funds* RM'000	financial institutions*	Financial investments FVOCI	Loans, advances and financing* RM'000	Statutory deposits with BNM RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	Total on- balance sheet exposures RM'000
31 March 2025									
Up to 1 month	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,000
> 1-3 months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
> 3-12 months		-	-	-	-	-	-	4,045	4,045
	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,045	34,045

Exclude allowance for ECL

The residual contractual maturity for off-balance sheet exposures is not presented as the total off-balance sheet exposures do not represent future receivables since the Bank expects many of these commitments (such as undrawn credit facilities) to expire or unconditionally cancelled by the Bank without them being called or drawn upon.

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.1. Credit Risk

Distribution of credit exposures by Islamic Banking Window (continued)

	Cash and	Deposits and placements with banks and other	Loans,		Statutory	Derivative			Total on- balance
	short-term funds* RM'000	institutions*		and financing* RM'000	deposits with BNM RM'000	financial assets RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Other assets* RM'000	sheet exposures RM'000
31 March 2024									
Up to 1 month	50,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,900
> 1-3 months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
> 3-12 months		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
	50,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	50,901

^{*} Exclude allowance for ECL

The residual contractual maturity for off-balance sheet exposures is not presented as the total off-balance sheet exposures do not represent future receivables since the Bank expects many of these commitments (such as undrawn credit facilities) to expire or unconditionally cancelled by the Bank without them being called or drawn upon.

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.1. Credit Risk

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach by Islamic Banking Window (continued)

(a) The following table presents the breakdown of credit exposures by risk weights of the Bank:

						Total	
			Banks,			Exposure	
			Development			after	
			Financial			Netting and	Total
	Sovereigns/	Public Sector	Institutions and			Credit Risk	Risk-Weighted
31 March 2025	Central Banks	Entities	MDBs	Corporates	Other Assets	Mitigation	Assets
Risk Weights	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
0%	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000	-
100%	-	-	-	-	4,045	4,045	4,045
Total	30,000	-	-	-	4,045	34,045	4,045
Risk-weighted assets by exposure	_	-	-	-	4,045	4,045	
Average risk weight	0.0%	-	-	-	100.0%	11.9%	
Deduction from capital base	-	-	-	-	-	-	

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.1. Credit Risk

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach by Islamic Banking Window (continued)

(a) The following table presents the breakdown of credit exposures by risk weights of the Bank (continued):

						iotai	
			Banks,			Exposure	
			Development			after	
			Financial			Netting and	Total
	Sovereigns/	Public Sector	Institutions and			Credit Risk	Risk-Weighted
31 March 2024	Central Banks	Entities	MDBs	Corporates	Other Assets	Mitigation	Assets
Risk Weights	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
0%	50,900	-	-	-	-	50,900	-
100%	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Total	50,900	-	-	-	1	50,901	1
Risk-weighted assets by exposure	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Average risk weight	0.0%	-	-	-	100.0%	0.0%	
Deduction from capital base	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			•	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Total

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.1. Credit Risk

Disclosure for portfolio under Standardised Approach by Islamic Banking Window (continued)

(b) The following table presents the on and off balance sheet credit exposures, categorised according to the credit quality rating:

		Rating Categories						
	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated		
31 March 2025	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Sovereign and Central Bank	30,000	-	-	-	-	-		
Other assets *	-	-	-	-	-	4,045		

		Rating Categories						
	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated		
31 March 2024	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Sovereign and Central Bank	50,900	-	-	-	-	-		
Other assets #	-	-	-	-	-	1		

^{*} Total cash of other assets at nil was rated at 0% risk. The remaining balance was classified under 100% risk.

[#] Total cash of other assets at nil was rated at 0% risk. The remaining balance was classified under 100% risk.

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6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.2. Operational Risk

The following tables present the minimum disclosure on regulatory capital requirements on operational risk.

31 March 2025	Risk-Weighted Assets RM'000	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8% RM'000
Operational Risk	300	24
31 March 2024	Risk-Weighted Assets RM'000	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8% RM'000
Operational Risk	2	-

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.3. Capital Adequacy

(a) The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are as follows:

31 March 31 March 2025 2024

Core capital ratio 651.070% 955000.000%

Risk-weighted capital ratio 651.070% 955000.000%

The capital adequacy ratios consist of capital base and risk-weighted assets derived from balances of the Bank. As at 31 March 2025, the minimum regulatory capital adequacy and capital buffer requirement is 10.50% (March 2024: 10.50%) for the risk-weighted capital ratio.

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6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.3. Capital Adequacy (continued)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets by exposures in each major risk category are as follows:

31 March 2025 Exposure class (i) Credit risk		Gross exposures RM'000	Net exposures RM'000	Risk- weighted assets red RM'000	Capital Juirements RM'000
On-balance sheet e		20.000	20.000		
Sovereigns / Centra Other assets	di Daliks	30,000 4,045	30,000 4,045	- 4,045	- 324
Total on-balance sh	neet	7,040	7,040	7,040	<u> </u>
exposures		34,045	34,045	4,045	324
Off-balance sheet e Credit-related expo Total off-balance sh	sures	-	-	-	
exposures		-	-	-	-
Total on and off-bal exposures	ance sheet	34,045	34,045	4,045	324
(ii) Large exposure ris	sk _	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	
(iii) Market risk	Long position RM'000	Short position RM'000			
Profit rate risk Foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-
risk	_	-	-	-	-
•	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Operational risk		_	300	24	
Total risk-weighted a	ents _	4,345	348		

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6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.3. Capital Adequacy (continued)

31 March 2024 Exposure class (i) Credit risk		Gross exposures RM'000	Net exposures RM'000	Risk- weighted assets req RM'000	Capital uirements RM'000
On-balance sheet e	exposures:				
Sovereigns / Centra		50,900	50,900	-	-
Other assets	<u> </u>	1	1	1	
Total on-balance sh exposures	neet	50,901	50,901	1	-
·	_				
Off-balance sheet e	sure	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
exposures	Total off-balance sheet exposures			-	-
Total on and off-bal exposures	50,901	50,901	1	_	
(ii) Large exposure ris	sk _	-	-	-	-
(iii) Market risk	Long position RM'000	Short position RM'000			
Profit rate risk	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange risk					
115K	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-
(iv) Operational risk		_	2	-	
Total risk-weighted a	ents <u> </u>	3	-		

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.4. Capital Structure

The components of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital of the Bank are as follows:

	31 March 2025 RM'000	31 March 2024 RM'000
Tier 1 capital		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	30,000	30,000
Accumulated losses	(1,711)	(1,350)
	28,289	28,650
Less: Deferred tax assets	-	-
55% of fair value reserve	-	-
Regulatory reserve	-	-
Total Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) and Tier 1 capital	28,289	28,650
Tier 2 capital		
Expected credit losses (Stage 1 and Stage 2)	-	-
Regulatory reserve	-	-
Total Tier 2 capital	-	-
Total capital base	28,289	28,650

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.5. Profit Sharing Investment Account

The disclosure is not applicable as the Islamic Banking business does not have any Profit Sharing Investment Account.

6.6. Shariah Governance

The Shariah Committee ("ShC") reports directly to the Board and has the responsibility to provide objective and sound advice to Islamic Banking Department ("IBD"), Management and the Board to ensure that, on all matters pertaining to Islamic Banking of the Bank, the Bank's aims and operations, business, affairs and activities are in compliance with Shariah.

The Shariah Governance structure adopted by the Bank is illustrated as follows:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Overall oversight on Shariah governance structure & Shariah compliance SHARIAH COMMITTEE Oversight accountability on Shariah related matters Para. 15.1 (f) of BNM SGP SENIOR MANAGEMENT Para. 16.5 of BNM SGP Para. 16.5 of BNM SGF CRO HIC ORM CPD IBD IAD Para. 16.5 of BNM SGP 2nd 2nd 1st Shariah Shariah Risk Shariah Revie Secretariat Management 1st 3rd Sharlah Governance Shariah Shariah Shariah Audit Research Reporting Department

SMBCMY's Shariah Governance Structure

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.6. Shariah Governance (continued)

As stated in the Shariah Committee Charter, the ShC is responsible for:

- Performing an oversight role on Shariah matters related to business operations and activities of SMBCMY;
- 2. Providing a decision or advice to SMBCMY on the application of any rulings of the Shariah Advisory Council of BNM or standards on Shariah matters that are applicable to the operations, business, affairs and activities of SMBCMY;
- 3. Providing a decision or advice on matters which require a reference to be made to the Shariah Advisory Council of BNM;
- 4. Providing a decision or advice on the operations, business, affairs and activities of SMBCMY which may trigger a Shariah non-compliance event;
- 5. Deliberating and affirming a Shariah non-compliance finding by any other relevant functions in SMBCMY;
- 6. Endorsing or recommending a rectification measure to address a Shariah non-compliance event;
- 7. Establishing a robust methodology to guide its decision-making process and take into account relevant business and risk practices in arriving at a decision or advice; and
- 8. Immediately updating the BOD whenever the ShC has reason to believe that any Shariah issues or matter may affect the Shariah compliance of the Bank.

The ShC is supported on a functional basis by the Shariah Secretariat and the Shariah control functions namely Shariah Review, Shariah Risk Management and Shariah Audit.

The main duties and responsibilities of the Shariah Secretariat are to provide a secretariat function to the ShC, conducting research on Shariah issues and providing day-to-day Shariah advice to the Bank's internal parties based on the rulings of the BNM's SAC and the decisions or advice of the ShC.

Meanwhile, the Shariah Review function conducts regular assessments on the compliance of the Bank's operations, business, affairs and activities with Shariah requirements.

The Shariah Risk Management systematically assess, measures, monitors, and reports Shariah non-compliance risks in the operations, business, affairs and activities of the Bank.

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

6. The operations of Islamic Banking Window

6.6. Shariah Governance (continued)

Finally, the Shariah Audit provides an independent assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Bank's internal control, risk management systems, and governance processes. The Shariah Audit scope covers the overall compliance of the Bank's operations, business, affairs and activities with Shariah.

In addition to the above, the Management of SMBCMY is responsible for providing adequate resources across every function involved in Shariah governance implementation to ensure end-to-end compliance with Shariah principles. The Management expects the various functions to be responsible for and to manage the implementation of any or all rulings of the BNM's SAC and they are complying with the said policy.

6.7. Shariah Non-Compliance Event

No actual Shariah non-compliance event had been detected for the financial year ended 31 March 2025. As such, no Shariah non-compliant income had been recorded for the year.

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UNAUDITED PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE 31 MARCH 2025

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ATTESTATION

In accordance with Bank Negara Malaysia's Risk Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel II) - Disclosure Requirements (Pillar 3), I hereby attest that to the best of my knowledge, the disclosures contained in Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Malaysia Berhad's Pillar 3 Disclosure report for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 are consistent with the manner the Bank assesses and manages its risk, accurate, complete and not misleading in any particular way.

[Signed]

Atsuhide Shiojiri
Chief Executive Officer

Date: 30 June 2025